CDE DAIRY MARKETS & MANAGEMENT UPDATE

All prices — TUESDAY, DEC. 10, 2019 — except where noted

2020 Milk Price: It is hard to believe that 2019 is almost in the books. The year started with low milk prices, but by summer, prices had risen to a breakeven or profitable rate for many U.S. dairy farmers. Milk price this year has not been good enough to make up for the last few years, but it has certainly been a welcome relief for many dairy farmers.

January Class III closing price was \$13.96 and increased to \$18.72 in October. January Class IV was \$15.48 and increased to a high of \$16.90 in July before falling back to \$16.39 in October. The U.S. 'all milk' price was \$16.60 in January and increased to \$19.90 in October. Prices the last half of 2019 have been the highest prices since 2014. When November final prices are released at the end of December, the U.S. 'all milk' price is expected to be over \$20 per hundredweight. It looks like the trend for increasing milk price should continue into next year.

The USDA released its Livestock, Dairy, and Poultry Outlook report in mid-November. As a result of increasing prices during the last part of the year, the USDA predicts that the 2019 'all milk' price will average at \$18.60 per hundredweight. This is 20 cents higher than the expected average published a month ago. In February 2019, the USDA predicted the 2019 all milk price to

average somewhere between \$16.90 and \$17.60. Here at the end of the year, it is expected to be \$1.00 more than what was forecast at the beginning of the year. The November report forecasted the 2020 all milk price to average \$18.85, a quarter higher than 2019. Why was milk price better in 2019 than what was predicted at the first of the year? Why are prices expected to remain strong through 2020?

Prices change daily. This market information is an example for educational purpos es. The market data below are compiled weekly by Farmshine, via CME & USDA reports

As a result of years-long suppressed milk prices, the milk supply started showing signs of contraction. Dairy cow slaughter has been at 30-year highs during several

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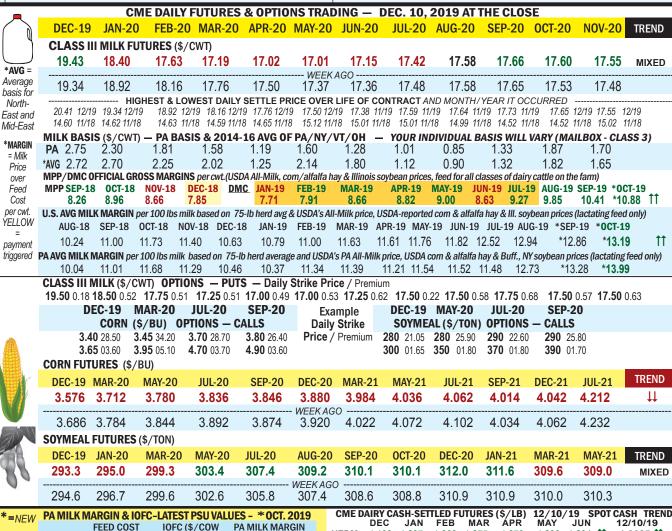


months this year, causing the national herd size to decrease. Cow numbers have decreased 26,000 head since December of 2018. Although year-over-year milk production has increased much of

this year, it has only increased at about 0.5% compared to the 10year average of 1.5%. Also, exports were expected to take a huge hit as a result of ongoing trade disputes. The trade dispute with China continues. However, increases in exports to other trading partners like South Korea, Southeast Asia, and South America have offset some of the decrease to China. 2019 is on pace to become a record year for export value even though volume is off.

In addition to decent exports, domestic dairy product disappearance has been relatively strong all year. Strong demand and better-than-expected exports, coupled with declining cow numbers and slower milk production growth than previous years, have created a perception of a milk shortage. We are seeing the anticipation of a milk shortage push milk futures higher. Coming out of a multi-year downturn, it will take time for dairy

farmers to pay down debt before they will be ready and able to expand. Milk production is not expected to grow much again next year. All these factors are helping to bolster milk prices into the new year. Now is the time to create a risk management plan and lock in a profit for next year. You never know what can happen to send milk prices falling. Contact me to learn more about how risk management can work for you.



PA MILK MARGIN & IOFC-LATEST PSU VALUES -* OCT. 2019 *=NEW PA MILK MARGIN FEED (\$/CWT milk) @ 75 lbs milk) (\$/CWT milk) \$/CWT *10.49 11 OCT. *6.89NC *13.99 11 IOFC PREV MO 6.89 9.96 13.28

0.377 0.397 WHEY 0.332 0.392 0.417 0.429 0.422 BUTTER 2 028 2 010 2 036 2 062 2 090 2.120 2.146 11 1.919 2.053 1.827 .752 CHEESE 1.776 CME SPOT CHEESE: BARRELS 1.9475 / 40 LB BLOCKS 1.9475 *CURRENT FEDERAL ORDER VALUES (\$/LB) * = *NEW WEIGHTED AVG. 4-WK NOV. 1 - 30, 2019

N/A

N/A

1.275

1.279

1.290

N/A

650

WFFK AGO

No test

65 00

21.00

1.294

USDA JULY 2019 ANNOUNCED FEDERAL ORDER PRICES (\$/CWT) CL I ADV11*CL II11 *CL III11 *CL IV11 *ALL-MILK-U.S *ALL-MILK-PA * NOV 2019 19.33(DEC) *16.85(NOV)*20.45(NOV) *16.60(NOV) *19.30(OCT) 11*20.10(OCT) 11 **PRODUCT** VALUE MAKE ALLOW NET **COMPONENTS** CHEESE 2.1723 0.2003 1.9720 *PROT 3.9118 MONTH AGO *BUTTER 2.0869 0.1715 1.9154 🔱 *B.FAT 2.3195 18.14 16.68 18.72 16.39 19.30 19.60 *NFDM 1.1540 0.1678 0.9862 11 *N.FAT YEAR AGO *DRYWHEY 0.3071 0.1991 0.1080 🔱 *OTHER 0.1192 15.05 15.63 14.43 15.06 17.40 18.10 CATTLE - DAIRY PURPOSES(\$/HD) NORTHEAST (Avg. DEC. 4, 2019 sale New Holland, PA) **COWS Fresh** Springing HEIFERS: Bred Beef x (bred) Springing Open: 300-600 lbs Beef X 600-800 lbs 800-1200 lbs BULLS (600-1800 lb)

NFDM

1.199

1.237

N/A

250

70-85 lbs

light test

1.260

do not 1275 (Itd) 675 1195 1075 include lower-end 'common' 1100 975 1250 650 cows and Avg. of prices reported by USDA Market News for heifers. & NY Auction Markets Dec. 5-11, 2019

Bred

YR AGO

averages

Average to high dressing

CULL MARKET COWS (\$/CWT LIVEWEIGHT) Premium White Breakers Boners

58.85

49.75

YEAR AGO

47.50 38.50

N/A

N/A

FOUR WEEK RUNNING AVG

Choice & Prime 1250-1550 lbs





N/A

375

CURRENT

86.00

49.00

38.00



975

850

YR AGO

81 50

22 00

No Test

1.2625 11

0.3625 11

1.9440 11

11

See Below

BULL CALVES: No. 1 & 2, 90-130 lbs Lean 57.50↓↓ 60.00 ↑↑ 47.10 ↓↓ **WEEK AGO**

54.35

46.25

Dairy EXCELLENCE

975

975

FED HOLSTEIN STEERS (\$/CWT LIVEWEIGHT)